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Teleconference H21JBACC UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT 1 SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK -----x 2 3 ORRIN BACOTE, Plaintiff, 4 16 Civ. 1599 GHW 5 v. 6 RIVERBAY CORPORATION, et al., 7 Defendants. 8 9 February 1, 2017 10 4:05 p.m. 11 12 13 Before: 14 HON. GREGORY H. WOODS, 15 District Judge 16 17 **APPEARANCES** 18 COHEN & FITCH, LLP 19 Attorneys for plaintiff 20 BY: GERALD M. COHEN, Esq. Of counsel 21 ARMIENTI, DeBELLIS, GUGLIELMO & RHODEN, LLP 22 Attorneys for defendants BY: HORACE OWEN KIRK RHODEN, Esq. 23 VANESSA MARY CORCHIA, Esq. Of counsel 24 25

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(Teleconference in Chambers)

THE COURT: This is Judge Woods. Do I have counsel for plaintiff on the line?

> MR. COHEN: Yes, your Honor.

THE COURT: Please identify yourself.

Gerald Cohen for plaintiff. MR. COHEN:

THE COURT: Do I have counsel for defendants on the line.

MS. CORCHIA: This is Vanessa Corchia from Armienti, DeBellis, Guglielmo & Rhoden, and also with me is Horace Rhoden.

THE COURT: Good afternoon.

We're here to discuss the joint letter that was submitted to me on January 30th, which was filed at Docket No. 97. The issue relates to prospective testimony by Dr. Toosi in this matter. There have been a number of grounds raised by counsel for plaintiff for exclusion of the testimony of that witness.

I think I'd like to focus at the outset on the first issue identified; namely, whether this expert testimony should be precluded as a result of defendants' noncompliance with the case management plan and the untimeliness of the expert disclosures. I would like to hear from defendants first about this if I can.

Counsel, can you tell me how it is that you came to

the conclusion that expert testimony would be necessary here, when you came to that conclusion, when and how you identified Dr. Toosi, how you view that impacting the discovery process going forward, and then ultimately what your views are regarding how this approach functions under the existing case management plan.

First, however, I would like to get a sense of the facts here, what happened, when and how. To that I just turn over to counsel for defendants, whichever one of you would like to address the issue.

MR. RHODEN: Horace Rhoden here.

Your Honor, this issue actually first came up on December 12th during the deposition testimony of Officer Mendozo. As your Honor may recall, Officer Mendozo is one of the officers who no longer works for Riverbay Corporation, and she lives outside of New York State. She lives in Virginia.

So we were able to produce her, bring her back to New York and produce her for a deposition on December 12th. That was the first time that we had an opportunity to discuss with her the case. On that day it was the first time we learned about this leg lock maneuver where plaintiff, Mr. Bacote, actually performed on Mr. Catala that caused his injuries, and that is what she testified to also at the deposition.

Once there, once we learned about the leg lock maneuver, we had to decide what will be done about it.

Sometime in December we thought it would be a very good idea to have an expert on board who can discuss this and to determine whether this type of injury -- how did Mr. Catala end up with the type of injury that he had. I want to point out to the court this type of injury is not a simple ankle fracture; it is a multiple ankle fracture with also ligament derangements as well.

In the early part of January, I do not know the actual date, we were able to identify Dr. Toosi and see if he would assist us. Along with that we were also trying to get the actual records from for Officer Catala. We have been trying to get that since November. We had a real difficult time in obtaining it. We did not get the actual record until January 10th, if my memory serves me right, when we got the actual medical records for Officer Catala.

Once we got the actual medical records, we got the deposition transcript of Officer Mendoza and also Mr. Bacote's records, and we sent it off to Dr. Toosi for him to do the reports. We did not receive his report until January 21st, I believe that is a Saturday, January 21st when we received his report. Then the deadline was due that Monday, January 23rd, which we sent it out that Monday.

It was in the afternoon of that Monday simply because the morning of that Monday I actually appeared in court in the Bronx, I had two separate cases in the Bronx that morning.

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Once I got back to the office that Monday, it was ready to go and I made sure, as trial attorney, it was appropriate to go out, and we sent it out that Monday.

> THE COURT: Thank you.

Let me ask, I understand that you assert that you first heard about the leg lock from Officer Mendoza. It was Officer Catala's leg that was broken. Did you hear, I take it, there is no testimony or evidence from any person other than Officer Mendoza that a leg lock was performed?

MR. RHODEN: That's correct, your Honor.

I would like to point out, once your Honor gets an opportunity to actually see the videotape, it was in a manner of several seconds, four or five seconds, you know, from the interaction to Officer Catala falling to the ground. Officer Catala did not know or was not aware of this leg lock maneuver. There was another officer right beside him trying to apprehend Mr. Bacote in the middle of it who did not know about the leg maneuver. It was officer Mendoza standing behind them, five feet behind them and away from them who saw them do this leg lock maneuver.

Additionally, Officer Mendoza happens to be also a former corrections officer who was trained in the procedure of the leg lock maneuver, just as the plaintiff, Mr. Bacote, is also a former corrections officer who was also trained in that maneuver as a corrections officer. It was Officer Mendoza who

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was standing behind them and not involved in the fracas that was going on, she was able to see him perform the maneuver because of her position where she was, your Honor.

That was the only officer that was in the vicinity that could have seen this. All of the other officers were 50 to 80 feet away from where this was going on.

THE COURT: Thank you.

Can you specify when it was that you identified Dr. Toosi as a potential expert?

MR. RHODEN: It would have been about January of this year, your Honor. I cannot say specifically what date in January.

> MR. COHEN: You identified it to who?

THE COURT: Let me be clear. When the counsel for defendants identified, i.e., found and -- let me refine it more -- when they retained Dr. Toosi to act as an expert witness in this case?

MR. RHODEN: Yes, it would have been January of this year, your Honor. I could not tell you specifically what date in January, but it was January of this year.

THE COURT: Thank you.

How long did it take him to prepare the report from the date that you gave him the medical records?

MR. RHODEN: I would have to check on that, your We did not -- I don't know. I don't know. Honor. It was some

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time, I am sorry, I don't have the exact dates on that, but we didn't get it from him until January 21st. He e-mailed it to us that Saturday, January 21st.

> THE COURT: Thank you.

I understood that he sent it to you on January 21st. Did he prepare the report in a question of days or weeks? Can you estimate?

MR. RHODEN: It would be weeks, your Honor, but not many weeks. Maybe a week and a half probably. A week and a half to two weeks, your Honor.

> THE COURT: Thank you.

Now, in the joint letter defendants note that, on Page 8 of the letter, that:

"Plaintiff is entitled to depose defendants' expert, obtain a rebuttal expert, and defendants are entitled to depose plaintiff's expert."

When you were providing this expert disclosure, can you tell me what you understood the likely impact of that to be on the expert discovery schedule in the case?

MR. RHODEN: Your Honor, as per the federal rules, we fully understand once we provide our expert disclosure, plaintiff does have 30 days from the date we provide the expert disclosure. We understand that plaintiff, you know, has to do whatever he needs to do if he wants to take depositions, you know, we understand Federal Rule 26 does give him 30 days from

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the time we provide the expert's disclosure to obtain that. 1 2 THE COURT: Thank you.

You knew that at the time you made the disclosure on the afternoon of the 23rd?

MR. RHODEN: Yes, your Honor.

THE COURT: Thank you.

Now let me circle back to one of your other comments. Your comment was that the 23rd was the date that the initial disclosure -- I am paraphrasing -- the 23rd was the date that the initial disclosure for your expert was due. Can you tell me on what you base that statement?

MR. RHODEN: Well, that was the deadline, your Honor. That was the deadline for the initial disclosure, your Honor.

THE COURT: Thank you. What is the basis for that statement?

MR. RHODEN: That is the deadline? That is in your order, your Honor.

THE COURT: Please take a look at it and point me to the language you're referring to.

(Pause)

MR. RHODEN: On your October 20th, 2016 order, the last page, second to last paragraph, the deadline for the completion of all expert discovery is extended to January 23rd, 2017.

> Thank you. That makes reference to the THE COURT:

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original May 2nd, 2016 case management plan.

Is that correct?

MR. RHODEN: Yes, yes, your Honor.

THE COURT: Thank you.

You appear to construe that as the deadline for submission of initial reports for experts. What's the basis for that construction, based on the language in the October order and the May order?

MR. RHODEN: No, your Honor, I am not saying that is the deadline for initial disclosures, your Honor. That is the deadline for expert disclosure, your Honor.

THE COURT: I am sorry, counsel. Let me ask you about that. What is the basis then for your statement that that is the deadline for expert disclosures?

MR. RHODEN: I am not following you, your Honor. Ι don't think I am following your Honor.

THE COURT: Let me help you. The words in the case management plan are:

"All expert discovery shall be completed no later than October 7."

That is the language from the May order which was modified by the October order. Those words are not initial disclosures shall be exchanged. They're not initial reports shall be exchanged. Those words are:

"All expert discovery shall be completed by date

certain."

What I am trying to understand is how you, as a qualified lawyer, construed those words to mean that the initial document in expert discovery would be disclosed for the first time on that date as opposed to completion of all expert discovery no later than that date, and you understood, counsel, as you have told me now, that you knew that disclosure of this information would then trigger a series of other steps, including depositions, rebuttal experts and further discovery, all of which are, I believe, expert discovery.

So my question is, how did you come to the belief that the words in the order that, "All expert discovery shall be completed no later than" means instead the very beginning of expert discovery shall begin no later than that date.

Can you, please, help me with that, Mr. Rhoden. Does that help you?

MR. RHODEN: I do not believe that January 23rd was the date for me to submit the expert disclosure, your Honor. I am not saying that.

What I am saying is based on the time of when we actually received the expert report, we had no choice but to serve it on January 23rd, your Honor. I agree with the court that it should have been done before then and so that other expert disclosures, if plaintiff wanted it, could have taken place. I agree, your Honor, with the court on that.

THE COURT: Thank you. Let me just inquire further.

Mr. Rhoden, did you not understand Paragraph 7 (b) of the case management plan to set a deadline for completion of all expert discovery?

MR. RHODEN: I understood that, your Honor.

THE COURT: Thank you.

You, prior to January 23rd, as early as mid-December, were aware that you might wish to use an expert, you retained an expert well before January 23rd, and at no point prior to the expiration of the expert discovery deadline did you request an extension of the expert discovery period in order to permit additional expert discovery. Is that correct?

MR. RHODEN: That is correct, your Honor.

THE COURT: Thank you.

I hope that you appreciate my difficulty here. You've quoted the October order which makes it very clear that further extensions of the deadlines in this case would be scrutinized by me, and given the repeated extensions that I previously granted, I am confronted now by a situation in which,

Mr. Rhoden, you have told me you knew that the order required that expert discovery be completed by a date certain, you knew that you wanted to use an expert before that date, you allowed a month and a half to elapse following your knowledge of that fact, filed the initial disclosure at 4:00 pm on the last day of the deadline, and never took any steps to, despite our

intervening conferences, to request an extension of the expert discovery deadline, all of this against the backdrop of an order, initial order, that requires that modifications of the scheduling order must requested no later than two business days before the expiration of the relevant deadline and against the backdrop of a series of prior extensions of fact and expert discovery by the court.

So I understand now from your comments, Mr. Rhoden, the facts are as I described them; namely, you knew that there was a deadline, you did not notify the court or your opponent of your intent to use an expert, you did not request an extension of the expert discovery deadline despite the fact that you're aware that the consequences of your decision would be a dramatic extension of the expert discovery period in this case, and you said nothing to me or plaintiff during our prior conferences in the intervening periods.

So that is the frame in which I am considering this application, and with that frame in mind, I'd like to hear from plaintiff, and then, Mr. Rhoden, as you're considering that frame, I am going to come back to you and ask you to speak to this issue.

In light of all of the prior extensions of time and what you knew at the time that you made these decisions not to disclose and not to request an extension of time and to provide this report at literally the 11th hour in the schedule, this

issue is one that is not straightforward and problematic and somewhat troublesome.

So let me hear from counsel for plaintiff. I would like to hear your views on this issue. Then I would like to come back to Mr. Rhoden with that frame in mind to hear more about why I should consider permitting this testimony, despite what appears to be noncompliance with the terms of the Rule 16 order. Mr. Cohen.

MR. COHEN: Your Honor, I echo the sentiments that you've made. As you're aware, the defendants knew or appeared to know they were going to retain an expert in earliest mid-December. I was never put on notice of that. I was never made aware of it. I, in fact, in no way was even considering an expert until I received the expert disclosures on January 23rd, even after they had hired one, given him all the records and so forth. So I think just looking at your prior rulings on this very issue which I have cited in the letter, we are looking at all the factors, I don't believe Mr. Rhoden's explanation for failure to comply with the disclosure requirement has been met, is persuasive.

Number two, the importance of the testimony being precluded. I highly question whether this would even pass Daubert muster, as I put in the letter. This witness doesn't know anything about marshal arts, has never been in training for any marshal arts. There is only one witness here that even

saw this supposed leg lock. The video doesn't capture a leg lock. The other witnesses that were there did not even see a leg lock, not even the individual who was injured could even say his leg was locked in any way. He said he was pushed down with the use of his hands. I see that this testimony would just confuse the jury and confuse the issues here.

There is also a main issue in the case, how Officer Catala got injured. No one is disputing that he was injured. No one is disputing he fell to the ground, and really the issues of the case are whether they had cause to arrest my client and whether they were lying to the prosecutors when they filed a complaint with the Court, stating that my client threw Officer Catala to the ground, picked him up by his upper body — no mention of the legs at all in the complaint — picked him up by the upper body and threw him to the ground, which is clearly not what happened here and not what any of the witnesses say happened.

I think this is just going to add more to discovery, and it really shouldn't be the case given how much delay has already happened in this case.

THE COURT: Thank you.

Mr. Rhoden, can I hear from you with respect to the set of issues that were presented in the letter. How do you respond? In your response, I would be interested in any comments regarding your understanding of the order and any

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response to Mr. Cohen's comments right now. Is there anything you would like to say, Mr. Rhoden?

MR. RHODEN: Yes, your Honor.

First off, your Honor, until we actually received the expert report, we would not have known whether or not we would use an expert or not. We needed the report to make that determination whether or not that expert could actually assist us.

Just because we talked to the expert or retained an expert does not mean that we would have used that particular expert, and we would not have known that until we received his report. Again I would like to point out we received that report on Saturday, January 21st, when we actually received the report. So we would not have known that we were going to actually use the expert until then.

Furthermore, I think, your Honor, if we opened up the expert discovery, not fact discovery, expert discovery for another two weeks, that is certainly sufficient time for the plaintiff to do a deposition if he needs to.

THE COURT: I am sorry, counsel. Let me inquire on that comment. Is it your understanding that the only consequence of, the only additional work that will be required as a result of this will be a deposition by plaintiff of your expert?

MR. RHODEN: And if he wants to retain his rebuttal

expert, I believe he has the right to do that as well.

THE COURT: Thank you.

Can I ask, Mr. Rhoden, would you expect plaintiff to depose your expert before they retain an expert of their own with whom they can consult regarding the report?

MR. RHODEN: I don't know, your Honor. I have no expectation in that regard, your Honor.

THE COURT: Really?

So your belief is that the sum total of the impact of this disclosure is an extension of expert discovery by approximately two weeks, is that what you are stating to the court, counsel?

That is what you just stated to the court?

MR. RHODEN: Yeah. Well, 30 days, your Honor, I believe that is what the Federal rules stated, 30 days, and within that time I believe a deposition -- I mean not deposition, but summary judgment motion will still be ongoing within that time-frame.

THE COURT: Counsel, no, I am sorry.

The schedule under the case management plan, if you studied it, as you must have, clearly provides for summary judgment motions by a date certain following the close of all discovery, including expert discovery. That's the reason why you had such an extended period between the close of discovery when you submitted your letter to me requesting a premotion

conference and the deadline for submission of your motions. That was because at that point in time I was operating under the expectation, undispelled by you, that there would be no expert discovery.

If there is a round of expert discovery that is to be conducted following fact discovery, that will postpone the entire process because we will complete expert discovery, then summary judgment motions and any Daubert motion for any expert testimony would be submitted. These things will not overlap. Expert discovery necessarily pushes back everything in the case. That is the structure under the case management plan that has been established since May, and so I just wanted to pause you to address that premise of your comments.

Let me come back to plaintiff regarding the anticipated delay associated with potentially allowing the defendant to use this untimely-disclosed expert.

What is your estimate, Mr. Cohen, of the amount of time that it would take for you to review the report, identify an expert, depose defendants' expert, propound a rebuttal expert, if any, and to allow defendants to conduct a deposition of your expert? Mr. Rhoden, I understand, believes that process will take approximately two weeks.

What is your view, Mr. Cohen?

MR. COHEN: I think that is a gross underestimate of how long that would take. I would have to find an expert in

this field, and I am not even sure what this field is because this expert doesn't seem to even — it doesn't appear to me to be qualified for this field. In any case, I would have to find an expert to review the report with me, develop a report myself and consult me on how questions to ask and explore during the depositions of this expert.

Then I would have to prepare a report with the expert, we'll have the expert prepare a report, review the report and submit it to Mr. Rhoden, and then Mr. Rhoden would have to depose him. I think this would take probably two to three months, and then there would be a round of Daubert motions. I don't know if Mr. Rhoden would make a Daubert motion on my expert, but I will certainly make one on his. This will delay this case several months, as your Honor suggested.

THE COURT: Mr. Rhoden, there is a discrepancy between Mr. Cohen's estimate of the time delay associated with this and yours, your estimate of two weeks. Mr. Cohen estimates two to three months. Can you give me your position regarding the discrepancy so I can evaluate which position is more credible and likely?

MR. RHODEN: Yes, your Honor.

Your Honor, when I say "two weeks," I was simply speaking of the time to depose my expert, your Honor. I would not think this is all. I do concur, the Federal rule gives 30 days to do this. I am in full concurrence with this. I would

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not say this would delay this case two weeks, that was not my The Federal rules does give him a right to 30 days intention. after the initial disclosure, your Honor.

> THE COURT: Thank you.

Is your estimate then consistent with that of Mr. Cohen's; namely, that allowing this expert testimony will add two to three months for completion of expert discovery and that it will also implicate a round of Daubert motions with respect to the expert testimony?

MR. RHODEN: No, your Honor, I don't see why two to three months at all. It is certainly outside of the time-frame. I believe 30 days is sufficient time to complete the expert disclosure, to have him retain an expert and depose our expert, and to give us time to depose their expert if we so feel is necessary. At least 30 days is sufficient time.

THE COURT: Thank you.

The original case management plan required that the parties confer on a schedule for expert disclosures, including reports, production and underlying documents and depositions no later than 30 days prior to the completion of fact discovery. That clearly did not happen. I assume that didn't happen because the parties were not anticipating expert testimony, I assume without knowing.

The purpose of that provision, however, is to establish a schedule for those things at least two and a half

months prior to the close, prior to the close of expert discovery. I think that the structure of the case management plan that I originally put in place anticipated that there would be a conference, and that these issues would be discussed, and that following their discussion, there would be an orderly period of 30 days following the conferral required pursuant to Paragraph 7 (c), and then an additional 45 days thereafter for completion of all expert discovery.

I again expect that counsel reviewed that order and is aware that it established a structure, which essentially there would be a two-and-a-half-month period for these issues to be disclosed, discussed and fully litigated. As a result, because of that structure, and because of I think the simple practical experience, the two-to-three-month period that Mr. Cohen is suggesting is more, much more likely than Mr. Rhoden's original estimate of two weeks, and it seems also more likely than what I understand perhaps to be Mr. Rhoden's subsequent estimate of 30 days.

So even if I push this, I expect that this will result in a two and a half or so month delay in the process plus, as Mr. Cohen identifies, it will require a round of Daubert motions which, coincidentally, if they are tied at all to the issues in the summary judgment motion, I would need to resolve prior to ruling on the summary judgment motion. So most likely we're talking about a three-to-four-month delay.

1 MR. COHEN: Your Honor, may I?

THE COURT:

MR. RHODEN: Mr. Rhoden, your Honor.

Yes.

THE COURT: Proceed.

MR. RHODEN: Your Honor, these experts, your Honor, this opposition has nothing to do with the summary judgment motions, your Honor. We believe the summary judgment can proceed while this expert is proceeding. The two issues are separate and apart, your Honor. The expert has nothing to do with our motion for summary judgment and it will not impact the motion for summary judgment schedule, your Honor.

THE COURT: Thank you.

MR. COHEN: Your Honor, they've indicated they're moving on excessive force, they're moving for summary judgment on excessive force. I don't know how that wouldn't impact it.

If I anticipate the argument being that my client performed some sort of leg lock which would justify them using the force that they did against my client, I don't know how that could not, could not be included in the summary judgment motion.

MR. RHODEN: Your Honor, we're moving for summary judgment on excessive force not for all the officers, your Honor, just for some officers that have nothing to do with what happened to Mr. Bacote or Mr. Catala.

Even Mr. Bacote has agreed with us, he already agreed

to dismiss some of the charges against some of the officers.

So it is not for all the officers and, no, your Honor, we are absolutely not relying on this leg lock maneuver in our summary judgment motion, nor are we relying on our expert report. We are here relying on the summary judgment. We are not relying on that. It has nothing to do to do with the summary judgment motion.

THE COURT: Mr. Rhoden, very recently I denied Mr. Cohen leave to make a motion to this Court for grand jury materials from the state court, pointing to the case management plan. Why is your noncompliance with the case management plan something I should deal with differently?

MR. RHODEN: Your Honor, simply because of the time limits, that there is nothing we could have done regarding the time limits. Once we found out on December 12th regarding this leg lock maneuver, and then we had to then go and obtain Officer Catala's record, which took some time to do, and, of course, even Mr. Cohen admits — because we sent him the authorization back in November, and today he still was not able to get Officer Catala's record — he admits to us he could not get the records, so there was an issue in getting these records.

Once we got the records, we immediately, forthwith sent them out to the experts. We did not know until we received the expert reports, we could not have known whether or

not we were going to, in fact, use this expert or not, your Honor. The only time when we got the report was on January 21st, that Saturday.

This was outside of our control, and your Honor says we could have requested the court for an extension. Honestly, your Honor is correct, I did not think of that. That is my fault. I did not think of that, to ask for an extension. I certainly did not think of that. That is absolutely my fault.

Yes, your Honor, as I was saying, I did not think of that, that is my fault, but we just ask, whatever the time he needs to do whatever he needs to do, we agree with it, to give it to him, your Honor, but as to summary judgment motion, it is our belief this will not require you to push back the dates that you've already established for the summary judgment motion.

THE COURT: Thank you. Fine.

I need to think about the parties' arguments on these issues. The exclusion of this expert on the basis of noncompliance with the Rule 16 order is not an issue that I take at all lightly, and I want to consider the information that the parties have presented to me here.

If either of you would like to submit more written statements beyond what you've already put forth in your January 30th letter in connection with this issue, I'd ask that you let me know no later than sometime tomorrow morning, just let me

know if you want to do it. If you do, I will set a briefing schedule for more formal motion practice on this issue.

If I do not hear from you by noon tomorrow, I will assume that you are willing for me to make the decision on the basis of the letter and your arguments here. I will try to make this decision promptly. I can tell you that I really wanted to hear from both of you before making this decision. I didn't want to do so on the basis of the letter alone.

Let me address the remaining bases for potential exclusion of Dr. Toosi. I will just say this to close the circle on the set of issues raised in the letter. I expect that if I do allow defendants to go forward with the testimony of Dr. Toosi, that I would set a briefing schedule for any Daubert motions.

As I said earlier, my usual practice is to require briefing of Daubert motions concurrent with summary judgment motions and, as a result, we would have to consider both the summary judgment schedule and the Daubert schedule, and that is an issue that I will decide after I've considered this gating issue.

Thank you very much for sharing all of the information that you have, and I am sorry for not being in a position to give you a decision at this moment.

Is there anything that either of you would like to add before we adjourn? First Mr. Cohen?

MR. COHEN: Your Honor, if I could just have some clarification. We think if we are adding additional briefing, would you like more on the issue of Rule 16 or more on — it sounds like the Daubert issue would be something we would get briefing on if you decide the threshold matter as to whether you're going to permit the extension of the discovery schedule.

THE COURT: That is correct.

MR. COHEN: I just want to, if I may, I just want to add, going back to whether it affects the summary judgment, one other issue, not just the excessive force I just thought of while we were on the phone, my client was charged with assaulting a police officer, and the manner in which the assault was done, it is very relevant to this case because in the criminal complaint and in the police paperwork, it says the manner it was done in one way, and then now the officers and the defendants are taking a position it was done another way.

This issue as to whether that has been done is definitely relevant to summary judgment on the malicious prosecution claim and even the false arrest claim. I think it definitely affects summary judgment here.

I think this is going to delay the case tremendously and add certainly a lot of burden on plaintiff to scramble to find a rebuttal witness, and I just think that Mr. Rhoden knew maybe not 30 days before, he certainly knew in mid-December that he was going to get an expert, and he could have discussed

this with me even outside the court's presence so that I can make arrangements, but nothing was done, nothing was done until literally 4:00 pm on the date discovery was due.

I ask this Court to really -- already your Honor's raised all the concerns I have discussed, and I just ask the court to really consider that, especially in light of the fact that plaintiff also was seeking discovery not too long ago on items that I thought, plaintiff thought informed the court about and was giving up on the court on whether we could get that discovery. I think in terms of fairness, I don't think this will be fair to allow the defendants to reopen discovery when plaintiff didn't have that opportunity as well.

THE COURT: Thank you.

Let me just say one thing simply because neither party has raised it, but it is an issue I have in mind and I want to make sure that I take a moment to put it on the table, which is that I understand that Mr. Rhoden does not expect that his expert's testimony will be pertinent to the summary judgment motion.

I also have to anticipate that plaintiff will be retaining an expert, and it may be that plaintiff would seek to use testimony obtained from or information obtained from his expert in connection with the summary judgment motion. So I appreciate Mr. Rhoden's comments about his intent not to rely on this expert testimony in connection with his, what I will

call affirmative summary judgment motion, but the flip side also exists; namely, plaintiff could attempt to use their rebuttal report in opposition to the motion.

MR. COHEN: Absolutely. Since I don't know what my rebuttal is going to be at this point because I haven't retained an expert, that definitely is a possibility.

THE COURT: Thank you. Mr. Rhoden, do you have anything further before we break?

MS. CORCHIA: I have a question, your Honor, just some clarification. You indicated that tomorrow you would like to know if the parties want to make a further submission on this issue. Do you want that by ECF-filed letter or simply a letter to your Chambers?

THE COURT: ECF-filed letter, please.

MS. CORCHIA: Thank your Honor.

THE COURT: Thank you.

MS. CORCHIA: And you said that is only a statement that we would like to do a further submission? We don't have to actually do the further submission?

THE COURT: Correct. If I see nothing from either party by noon tomorrow, I will proceed to making my decision, and I am giving you this opportunity, if you wish to take it, but I believe that you have given me sufficient information to make my decision. I, however, would want to give you the opportunity if you wish to take it.